

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ-ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΕΣ

ΠΟΜΠΗ ΚΑΙ ΘΡΗΝΟΣ ΤΗΣ ΑΝΤΙΓΟΝΗΣ

ΜΗΝΟΣ ΦΕΒΡΟΥΑΡΙΟΣ

ΤΑ ΠΡΩΤΑ
3 ΜΕΤΡΙΚΑ
→ ΒΡΥΞΕΛΛΑ

ΠΟΜΠΗ

M.M. 2+3+5+6

(1)

(2)

(3)

(4)

(5)

Picc. 1-2
Ob.
Cl.
Tpt.
Gtr.
Vcl.
Xylo

Picc. 1-2
Ob.
Cl.
Tpt.
Gtr.
Vcl.
Xylo

Picc. 1-2
Ob.
Cl.
Tpt.
Gtr.
Vcl.
Xylo

OPHÉLOS

- 2 -

ANTICIPATION: Vérité ta révolte
Tu préfères la mort à la vie, mais tu es vivant.

Axe No 10: Ophélos.

Picc. Bb
Ob. Bb
Cl. Bb
Tpt. Bb
Gtr. Bb
Tbs. Bb
Piano
Timp.
Perc.
Vcl. C
Cbn. C

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.

Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.

Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.

Pic. Bb
Ob. Bb
Cl. Bb
Tpt. Bb
Gtr. Bb
Tbs. Bb
Piano
Timp.
Perc.
Vcl. C
Cbn. C

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

*Alors je suis dans l'obscurité,
je préfère la mort à la vie, mais je suis vivant.*

và có nghĩa là "tự Sống lại qua sự tái Sinh".
Có điều là khái niệm "tự Sống lại" và "tái Sinh" là
còn là hai khái niệm khác nhau, xem
như Epiphany A: "Khi con người猝然醒來"

~~zur Zeit~~ tragen. Ein neuer Typus
wurde erst kürzlich

၃၁၁။ ရန်ကုန်မြို့၏
၂၅၁၆-၂၅၁၇

Then, there is a very important point which I would like to make. The first point is that the government has to take a decision as to whether it wants to go ahead with the project or not. If it does not want to go ahead with the project, then it should not proceed with it. If it does want to go ahead with the project, then it should take steps to ensure that the project is carried out in a responsible manner.

Bois 行記

Pic.

Fl.

Sax.

Ct.

Tpt.

Ctr.

Tpt.

P. cl.

Timp.

Bass.

Vcl.

Cbs.

no tempo de la page n° 6 de l'œuvre

Fl. 2
Fl. 1
Perc.
OB.
CL.
T.P.
LN.
TRB.
Piano
Tim.
Rou.
Vcl.
Cpt.

C

p

p

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ - ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΕΣ

πΡΩΤΟ ΧΟΡΙΚΟ

Михаил Федоров

M.M. et al. / IJG 2015

A musical score page featuring a single staff. The staff begins with a sharp sign indicating the key signature. It contains several note heads of different shapes and sizes, some with stems and some with vertical dashes, interspersed with rests. The notes and rests are distributed across the four measures of the staff.

A musical score page showing two measures of music. The first measure consists of a single eighth note followed by a sixteenth note. The second measure begins with a fermata over a eighth note, followed by a sixteenth note.

A musical score page showing measures 1 through 10. The score includes parts for Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon, Trombone, and Percussion. The notation uses standard musical symbols like quarter notes, eighth notes, and rests, with specific dynamics and performance instructions written above the staff.

A page of musical notation for a string quartet, featuring four staves. The notation includes various rests and dynamic markings such as ff (fortissimo), f (forte), mf (mezzo-forte), and p (pianissimo). The music consists primarily of rests, indicating a period of silence or a break in the performance.

Tr. by Robert W. T. Smith; R. H. T. S.

A musical score page featuring a single system of music. The top line contains lyrics in Greek: "αὐτὸν τονίκες τι νοιεῖ ΕΠΑ-γη". Below it is a soprano vocal line with a melodic line above it. The page number "15" is located at the top right.

A page from a musical score featuring two systems of staves. The top system is for strings (Violin I, Violin II, Viola, Cello) and the bottom system is for woodwinds (Flute, Clarinet, Bassoon). The music includes dynamic markings like 'p' (piano), 'f' (forte), and 'ff' (double forte), and various articulation marks such as dots and dashes. The score is written in a clear, handwritten-style font.

$\alpha_1 F$ ————— F —————

xi^oac. Izi- tar- māⁱ pi-xn i^o pi- xn e^o. eris

A blank musical staff with ten measures. Each measure begins with a quarter note and ends with a half note, separated by a vertical bar line.

765 766 767 768 769 770

A musical score page featuring a single staff. The staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The music consists of six measures, with the first measure circled in red.

A musical score page showing a single staff with various notes and rests. The staff begins with a whole note, followed by a half note, a quarter note, a eighth note, a sixteenth note, a thirty-second note, a sixteenth note, a eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, a whole note, and a final half note. The measure ends with a repeat sign and a double bar line.

KUPTA Eja Sinti ni aplo m' lono nitayo
Sar párpat se'ron kájeng tan sifit
Na' anggut n' Sinting & Zéguar
Makalha céwangs tu' dudu' ny arosi,
Sevua maha tagedu neképa
Sau TING jang tin oupano.

76

Handwritten musical score for orchestra, page 55, measures 60-65. The score includes two staves of music with various dynamics and markings. The first staff starts with a forte dynamic (F) and ends with a piano dynamic (P). The second staff begins with a piano dynamic (P) and ends with a forte dynamic (F).

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is for the orchestra, featuring multiple violins, violas, cellos, and double basses. The bottom staff is for the choir, with tenor, bass, and soprano parts. The music is in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The vocal parts sing lyrics in German, such as "Wär-to Ta-ne-hi-to - ja", "Hilfe", and "To Hilfe". The score includes dynamic markings like "ff" (fortissimo) and "p" (pianissimo). Measure 11 ends with a fermata over the vocal parts. Measure 12 begins with a forte dynamic.

K-Subj

85

Klins! Etaljén sár Képmára ki Xapa
Ériss! Gyorsító törek meg körülírni.
Szent László előtt meg negyezz!

Kai- epi- em- lyé- tva-
Töv Spa- kva-

F

95

Vita - la.
Tuo Spn - Kov. Tu - k. la. pf.

100

pia

105

ff

d. n.

Kolossal

Kl. portos ir a que ist ista
Hauswurde nachstehende Tafelchen
dagegen - das ist ein von ge-
zogener Zeitung. Tatsache.

Meinein nur ein Kostüm
der versteckt - der Kleider sind,
Ende des Jahrhunderts die beiden
ein großer Schatzkammer zu beschaffen
v. "durchsetzen".

115

pp

pp

pp

Kai

120

Dolce

p

125

KOFUTAIKI

K' 2 khéne, d'upipito et v'nts en
k' saphéne, d'v'nt en k' saphéne
Tempora eno énalis to k'pue!

vá - fá - en

Pf - En

165

C

C1

Police

pp

45 - 6 - Tav. m. go En K' - Tav. éta. Sá. - va. Tav. Xé - Pf. Tav. 96 - ou

170

175

KOFUTAIKI

Kai eno énalis to Spéciale
Spéciale eno k' saphéne d'upipito
Tav. En - Kai En Tav. khéne
Tav. En - Eno k' saphéne

DAES HÁZI

Vá fáne ág énali énalis
éne éne - éne éne - éne
Tav. En - Eno k' saphéne
éne éne - éne éne - éne

Eno

Pf - En

C

180

C

(1) (1)

dá

C

C

C

C

C

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C

C

C

C

C

185

Tenor Alto Bassoon

Tenor Alto Bassoon

200

M.M. d = 128

200

205

210

215

W. Blaauw

A musical score page featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and a common time signature (indicated by a 'C'). The bottom staff uses a bass clef and a common time signature. Both staves include dynamic markings such as 'p' (piano), 'ff' (fortissimo), and 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The page number '245' is located in the top right corner.

M.M. # 166

A musical score page showing four measures of music. The top staff has six voices: soprano, alto, tenor, bass, double bass, and cello. The bottom staff shows a bassoon part. Measure 2 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 3 begins at measure 250. Measure 4 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 5 ends with a forte dynamic.

3 4 (4) 2 3

3 4 (4) 2 3

3 4 (4) 2 3 (4)

3 4 (4) 2 3 (4)

3 4 (4) 2 3 4

3 4 (4) 2 3 4

10

270

Bo-Sa-Tous puls.

q-fp. vei Es-go-pa-xa-ta-pa

275

280

- II -

285

Ex : Yen-tu-an-piu-yeu-tu-an
2. 3. 4.

Miles de suspensions
NAPISI 14.I.60

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ - ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΕΣ

ΔΕΥΤΕΡΟ ΧΩΡΙΚΟ

ΜΙΧΑΣ ΘΕΟΦΑΡΑΚΗΣ

M.M. = 146

(τίμησις)

XOPOS

PIANO

SF

SF

5

D. τριθή πρα-πο-τε. Σα-ρά-λη-χ' α-με.

τι/δ-πα-πα-πα-να. ω-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-

SF

SF

10

το-νη-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-

SF

SF

15

τη-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-η-

SF

26

zio-ni □ i-a-e-su-to □ di-o-nu-er □ di-na-egia □ per-pa-s □ Se-pe-do □

27

qo-ki □ os □ spi □ qni □ te □

Li-pantos-e □ vi-a □ ko-pa □ h-te-vc □ Bré-pos □ xla-pik □ i □ skio □ qo-pa □ o-na-je □ ta □ te □ Tov □ fui no □ ee

(*)

(*)

Handwritten musical score for orchestra and choir, page 3. The score consists of five systems of music. The first system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and includes lyrics in French: "Ké-tou-ni-kó-pis-kí-ni-yí-vai-kes-m-tha-sa-i-es". The second system begins with a piano dynamic (P) and lyrics: "Ké-tou-ni-kó-pis-kí-ni-yí-vai-kes-m-tha-sa-i-es". The third system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and lyrics: "Ké-tou-ni-kó-pis-kí-ni-yí-vai-kes-m-tha-sa-i-es". The fourth system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and lyrics: "Ké-tou-ni-kó-pis-kí-ni-yí-vai-kes-m-tha-sa-i-es". The fifth system starts with a forte dynamic (F) and lyrics: "Ké-tou-ni-kó-pis-kí-ni-yí-vai-kes-m-tha-sa-i-es". The score includes various dynamics such as F, P, ff, f, and ff, and performance instructions like "G. Casse" and "Temp. 8va Bassa". The tempo is marked as M.M. J = 160.

4

Notes

-4-

Largo

89

Allegro

Musique

Patti
Chest

Canta

This section of the musical score includes three staves. The top staff is labeled 'Notes' and has lyrics in French: 'Musique qui laisse émerger l'art'. The middle staff is labeled 'Largo' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The bottom staff is labeled 'Kofuna' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The vocal parts are 'Notes', 'Largo', and 'Kofuna'. The piano part is 'Patti Chest Canta'.

Allegro

Allegro

This section continues the musical score from the previous page. It includes three staves. The top staff is labeled 'Notes' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The middle staff is labeled 'Largo' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The bottom staff is labeled 'Kofuna' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The vocal parts are 'Notes', 'Largo', and 'Kofuna'. The piano part is 'Patti Chest Canta'.

Larghetto

Larghetto

Adagio

Tempo

This section continues the musical score from the previous page. It includes three staves. The top staff is labeled 'Notes' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The middle staff is labeled 'Largo' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The bottom staff is labeled 'Kofuna' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The vocal parts are 'Notes', 'Largo', and 'Kofuna'. The piano part is 'Patti Chest Canta'.

Adagio

Tempo

This section continues the musical score from the previous page. It includes three staves. The top staff is labeled 'Notes' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The middle staff is labeled 'Largo' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The bottom staff is labeled 'Kofuna' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The vocal parts are 'Notes', 'Largo', and 'Kofuna'. The piano part is 'Patti Chest Canta'.

Tempo

This section concludes the musical score from the previous pages. It includes three staves. The top staff is labeled 'Notes' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The middle staff is labeled 'Largo' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The bottom staff is labeled 'Kofuna' and has lyrics in French: 'qui laisse émerger l'art'. The vocal parts are 'Notes', 'Largo', and 'Kofuna'. The piano part is 'Patti Chest Canta'.

590

FF

mf cresc.

PP

ff

mf cresc.

ff 3

ff

A page from a musical score, page 6. The top section shows vocal parts: Kopanik (high soprano), Xylos (low soprano), and Ophelia (mezzo-soprano). The vocal parts sing in unison with lyrics in a language that appears to be a mix of English and another language. The vocal parts are set against a background of a full orchestra. The orchestra part for Ophelia is prominent, featuring continuous sixteenth-note patterns. The score includes dynamic markings such as 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'p' (pianissimo). The vocal parts also have dynamic markings like 'ff' and 'p'. The score is written on multiple staves, with the vocal parts on the top two staves and the orchestra part for Ophelia on the bottom staff.

KOPATAK

OFX.

KOP.

Xylos

OFX.

KOP.

Xylos

OFX.

(1)

OPX

OPX'

(2)

Xopos

OPX

(3)

Kop.

Xop

OPX

(ε)βαθυνε! Η περσερών! κικάκη βίδα μας αγαπητρά!

10

(4)

Kop. 3+2 3+4 2+3

XOP. vn. $\frac{5}{4}$ $\frac{6}{4}$

OPX.

(5)

Kop. do. $\frac{6}{4}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{2}$

XOP. Kp. B \sharp . G \flat a. mes. A \sharp .

OPX.

3+2 3+4 2+3

(6)

Kop. 3 7
 Xop. 3+2 3+4 2+3
 OPX. 7
*ma Planète
étau d'abs*

(7)

Kop. 7
 Xop. 3+2 3+4 2+3
 OPX. 7
*ma Planète
étau d'abs*

(8)

Kop. { G

Xop. { G ^a

3+2 3+4 2+3

OPX {

(9)

Kop. { G

Xop. { G ^{pas} ^{An}

3+2 3+4 2+3

OPX {

⑩

Kop.

XOP.

3+2 3+4 2+3

11

STEILE TIS HÉS
TIS D'ABORD PES

TÉ TIS SÉ ES

TIS SÉ

Kop.

XOP.

3+2 3+4 2+3

(12)

Handwritten musical score for orchestra and piano. The score consists of four staves: KOP (Klarinetten), XOP (Xylophone), OPX (Oboe), and a lower staff for piano. The key signature is B major (two sharps). The time signature changes throughout the measure: 3+2, 3+4, and 2+3. Various dynamics and performance instructions are written above the notes, such as "Duo", "P", "Vivace", and "To Acc.". The score is written on five-line music staves.

(13)

Handwritten musical score for orchestra and piano, continuing from measure 12. The staves remain the same: KOP, XOP, OPX, and piano. The key signature changes to A major (no sharps or flats). The time signature changes are indicated by "3+2", "3+4", and "2+3". The piano part includes lyrics: "Une passionne", "Tu tuo toutto", "Amour", and "Tpa". The score is written on five-line music staves.

15
100

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ - ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΕΣ

ΤΡΙΤΟ ΧΑΡΙΚΟ

ΜΙΧΑΣ ΘΕΟΔΩΡΑΚΗΣ

M.M. $\ell = 192$

77 No 14. no-xte. A - ph

P. 62 - μα - τα - κα

XoPOS

PIANO

K Pou

XeP.

84

四

2

K.P.

-2-

$$\sum \vec{e} = \vec{0}$$

102

A detailed musical score page showing four staves. The top staff is for the XOP section, featuring complex rhythmic patterns with many sixteenth-note groups and grace notes. The second staff is for PIANO I, with mostly eighth-note patterns. The third staff is for PIANO II, also with eighth-note patterns. The bottom staff is for Timpani, with one measure showing a bass drum and cymbal, followed by a dynamic instruction 'KROSTA'.

(15) $\lambda_0 = \text{K}_0 \cdot \text{V}_0 \cdot \frac{e}{\pi} = \text{K}_0 \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \text{T}_0^4 \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_0^2} = \text{K}_0 \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \text{T}_0^4 \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_0^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_0^2} = \text{K}_0 \cdot \frac{\pi^2}{4} \cdot \text{T}_0^4 \cdot \frac{1}{\lambda_0^4}$

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is labeled "PIANO" with an arrow pointing to it. The bottom staff is labeled "KRESZTA". The music consists of six measures. Measure 1: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs. Measure 2: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs. Measure 3: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs. Measure 4: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs. Measure 5: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs. Measure 6: Piano has eighth-note pairs, Kreszta has eighth-note pairs.

Music score for 'Xōtōs' featuring lyrics in Hmong Romanized script:

Xōtōs
Hé-wa-ní-ep-nei-dó-hop-é-ñu Pæ-xir-ñi-s. xó-p-ýs nü-ñi-xú-ñi-tes-tés ép-véw. koi-tóv. Ap-

A musical score page showing two staves. The top staff is for the piano, featuring a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and common time. It contains six measures of sixteenth-note patterns. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, indicated by a bass clef and a 'C' symbol. It also has a key signature of one sharp and common time. Measures 11 and 12 show eighth-note patterns. Measure 13 begins with a fermata over the piano's first measure of the previous system.

- 3 -

XOP. JI- TI- KO EPE- TÓ KEE-TUN-TES É- VAI- TIA- PÓ- PI- PAI- JS.

PIANO

KPUIZA

(24)

sf

sf

XOP. (25) po áv-ri-ber xí- kó k'ip-ka- tu- ké vós ón- tps

PIANO

KPUIZA

sf

piano

F CLOS.

XOP.

PIANO I

PIANO II

(Toboy)

(26)

F CLOS.

F CLOS.

F CLOS.

F CLOS.

F CLOS.

F CLOS.

vni-pe-xo-po- à-nlo. qá-pa-é-tá. vio-enü-né-TPI-vu-tú-tei-XH.

- 5 -

XOPES
PIANO
KPOUZ

W- vñá Ái-xó-Via-Él-Vac. qpi-xá-áé áá

XOPES
PIANO II
PIANO I
KPOUZ

10 TO. sa. Bi- ga-va 55 enü Bi- si- Vá- des Tó- Tó. Vé- Tó- Tó. qá- pe-xo- vñá- Tó-

Tutti chœur unisono
Tutti chœur unisono

PIANO II
PIANO I
KPOUZ

- 6 -

XOPUS KE

PIANO II

PIANO I

KOPUS

M.M. $\frac{4}{4}$ = 54 60

XOPUS 8²₄

PIANO 8²₄

mf

65 dinizio 3

7- E- q' spu- m'c. da-

XOPUS

8²₄

su- evi- le- zo mi- tri- nol- lui- t'el- gi' ma

Ki- grec- pa- ve- xia. vo- se- re

TIO

PIANO

8²₄

70

75

Àp- TE - pi-sa-pi - pi.

ap-pi-tes vu-kyr. e-type ges

TO-TÉ- KNDTÉS 1-0-

80

XOPUS

Ké - - STAF. TO a- ri - THU-SO-TOO. ONU. TI-KOU

95

PIANO

90

XOPUS

Si-DO-DU X

100

105

PIANO

110

108

XOPUS 110 (d=d) KOPUTAIA: 115 "Απόντε χιν πάν επέρεες
PIANO (d=d) ΤΟ ΤΕΧΝΩΝ ΤΟΝΙΟΥΣ

KOPUTAIA To άσωμα To θευτό- Τον Αγκουτιών
(P) ΤΟ ΣΩΜΑ (P) ΘΕΥΤΟ ΟΙ ΚΟΙΝΩΝΙΑ

PIANO 8va SF 8va SF (Piano II) 120
PIANO I FF

KOPUTAIA 115 Ki'as νήνεινa ή οφερην. ή Σπίζα Η δύρδα "Άδης" εστελε
πρε τού Ρου η Τη. πορ. η κακερ. του τοπον ην περι στο
νου το Τέρπις Βένα Τραγόβη ην ο θάρητος καθαρίους,
125

PIANO II 120
PIANO I 125

PIANO II 125

KOPUMAIA
PIANO I

130 KAI HOU KA-
DIFORTAS KOU-
TO OMA TEIKA
KAI HOU VUXIA
TO TETRA-
MUKU TAU
TO REPOU
KAI HOU
KAI HOU

KOPUMAIA
PIANO I

135 Tr. LEVINA TIV
KAI PUPERAWA
PIANO I
FF

140

PIANO I

145 KAI KAI!

F CESS - FFF

ΤΟΥΣ ΠΑΝΑ > ΤΑ ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΑ > ούτε διαπίνεις
ΤΟΥΣ ΟΙΛΙΟΥΣ Και το θάλις η συνέπεια
ΕΠΙΤΗΜΕΙΣ Η ΤΟΥ ΣΩΤΗΡΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΒΙΟΥ ΤΟΥ ΖΗΤΗΣΑΙ

F - 10 -

KOTUPAHA

PIANO I

PIANO II

di sim poco a poco pp

cattiva

(μεταβολή αλλεσικού πραγματισμού)

KOTUPAHA

XOPOS

100

PP

155

PP

1-6-pe opo-pe

PIANO I

PIANO II

112

Handwritten musical score page 10. The score includes parts for KOP. (Kopf), XOPOS (Xopus), PIANO I, and PIANO II. The vocal part for XOPOS has lyrics in German: "Kai-tin-to-to-pieh-téh-nee-Te ka-fipa-á-va-pe-so-eh-né-pe-spa-ni-Á-pipes". The piano parts show various chords and rhythmic patterns. The tempo is marked as 180 BPM.

KOP.

... ne... japo... n... e... t... i... p... u... ve... t... ou... ko... japo... t... n... k... n... p... a... g... u... g... e... t... u... ve... p... a... b... o... t... i... j... s... 185

XOPES

... ne... japo... n... e... t... i... p... u... ve... t... ou... ko... japo... t... n... k... n... p... a... g... u... g... e... t... u... ve... p... a... b... o... t... i... j... s... K... n... l... -

PIANO I

PIANO II

KOP.

W... R... K... E... p... a... t... o... l... i... o... n... n... p... o... l... h... t... o... p... a... l... o... s... 190

XOPES

... ne... japo... n... e... t... i... p... u... ve... t... ou... ko... japo... t... n... k... n... p... a... g... u... g... e... t... u... ve... p... a... b... o... t... i... j... s... K... e... m... b... e... t... h... s... d... h... p... a... s... t... o... n... l... i... p... a... j... o... s... T... O... -

PIANO I

PIANO II

KOP.
Klé-vi-ju-pé-sés-á-yu-ña
XOPOS
Si-nor-dar
TOY

PIANO I

PIANO II

KOP.
Tú-po-Tú-é-pé-va-sí-tó-é-pa-tó-to-vó-f-xó-pi-kó-é-tón-e-xá-o-ta-to-vó-ké-vi-ti-no-exi-é-to-é-e
XOPOS
fa-wé-sin.
dú. Tis-xpán-sés. né po ves
dim. poco a poco - PP

PIANO I

PIANO II

Mikail Dzhaparidze
MAY 21
7. III. 60

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ - ΦΟΙΝΙΖΕΣ

ΤΕΓΑΡΤΟ ΧΟΡΙΚΟ

Mikis THEODORAKIS

M.M. = 104

(Tempo I)

XOPOS Hp. 94. Hp. 94. 9TE-PR. 9d. PR. ΕΙΔΟ. ΡΩ. 1η με-τές ής Kai τή δ-γα. Χρό-νι-ας.

PIANO

(5) XOPOS
 (Kop.) έ-χι-νας τήν. κάς. γει-νε. α-γέ. δέ. ΧΤΡ. έ. δύ. το-το. δέ-να-τη. πο. δέ-δη-ης κα-μη-δι-νή. πέ-ρα. κι-δέ-να

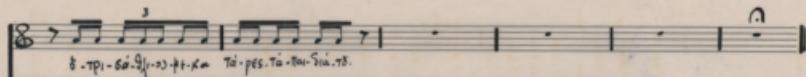
PIANO

XOP.
 Τέ-φα-ση-λέ πο-χα-ρο. γε-ρά. επα-πη-ρά. φη-ρά πο-και. τα. σα-κο-βό-ρα. ψε-χί-α. δι-τα. γέ-ρα ται. Δι-ρ.

PIANO
 Pianissimo dynamic pp, dynamic crescendo, dynamic decrescendo.

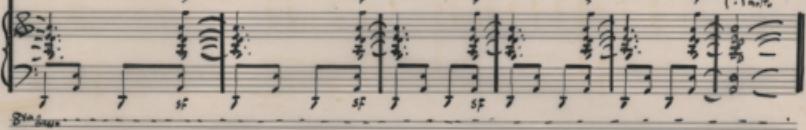
XOP.
 κα-α. δει-νο-ντα-θες νέ-ης. δ-α-να-ρ-α. η-η-η δη-νε-ντη. λα-τη. β. Σι. κι-ρα-τη. θη. κη. τα-ρ-α

PIANO

8 > 

B. - TPI. - Sd. q. 1. 2. p. f. m. Td. - pes. Td. - Rm. - Sia. Td.

Cresc. *dim.* *... m. diap. ...* *attac.*

8 > 

Sia. -

M.M. d = 60

Kop. PIANO 8 

Né Basque! - G. rai! Basque!

Kop. 8 < 

*Kéren qui va être.
Toutefois Basque qui tu n'as pas!*

Kop. PIANO 8 < 

Né à la ville d'Espagne P. Béarnais

Kop. *Yia tō kápti vīnousgōtis
tis éstanaqqaq tis qāñiq*

Piano

"As tēwip̄iñ tētōia pāvva
pē kāñiq tāqāñiq
tāqāñiq pē"

Kop. *Hō tō Spāñi ēñi tō
pāvva pāxāñetēkes
pē nētēkes,*

Piano

K'íkākes d'aim' *Saupor'sraqas* *aqnāñiq aqj.*

Kop.

Piano

ΕΥΡΙΠΙΔΗ - ΦΟΙΝΙΣΣΕΣ

ΝΕΚΡΙΚΗ ΠΟΜΠΗ ΚΑΙ ΘΡΗΝΟΣ ΤΗΣ
ΑΝΤΙΓΟΝΗΣ

ΠΟΜΠΗ

Mikis THEODORAKIS.

M.M. L = 54-56

PIANO

ΑΙΓΑΙΟΝ : Ήταν δε πρώτη μακάρια σ' αέραι
οι θρηνοί των γυναικών, που ήταν όι
διάσημες καρφοτόνες
που τραγούσαν πεντεπάτη την
μαρμάρινη.

ΣΤΟΙΧ.
Έτσι η πομπή σύμβολο είναι η πομπή της
Θρηνού της Αντιγόνης στην οποία παραπομπή
(Διάλεξη σε πορεία) που σηματούσε την
μετατόπιση της θρηνού.

ΘΡΗΝΟΣ

-2-

Β' ΑΓΓΕΛΙΟΠΟΔΟΣ:

Τον πέθανεν ο πρόποδας
το σκοτάδι το αυτονόμο κερδίσαν

ANTITHONH: Χωρίς τα σχοριστέσσατα μάγεια τα τριπέρα που να συναντήσει πέρα πετύχει τη μάχη της κατάστασης.

ΑΝΤΙΤ. Το καρδιό καρπούζι
εργάζεται για την πατέρα του Αλί

Αχ πολυύψηκαν πορφυρά ενώπιον και αριστερά για τη δύση, μετά
το καρδιό που μαρτυρεί την θάνατο,
και φέρει τη γέννηση.
που το είναι σηκώνειν τη δύσην

Και σ' αυτό ο πόλυπος πελμαστής, σ' αυτό τραγούδησε

[Λύτρα] έτσι σαν τα προσκατέλει
τον πόλυ πραγματεύεται να γρίφει την Σαρκανία που τα
συγκράτησε, την τα εγγυήσα
τη λεπταρά, τραγίνησε σαν
τα πόστα.

ΚΟΡΩΝΑ: Μάνια και γλάζη,
χρυσός και βρύσηα.

Χόρος: Α-τές του μεν καρπούζι
καθάρισε το οινοπήντε της οιδίνας.

ANTITHONH: δεν της φύγει που ανθίστηκε
πορφυρά που, επιστρέφεται ανθίστηκε
οι άσπρες ζειμές της πραγμάτων

Και το Κορπί της πραγμάτων
διασπάσεισαν

Τα νούσα ξετίναξαν
η διάβληση - ενώ
τα ράγια απέτησαν

οι παρασκήνες της κάρπης
είναι θηρακικές η διασποράση.

123

Tono nouj̄i taksā s̄i m̄tio klap̄i bafariv̄as t̄i' elat̄i kast̄ipras.
Or̄i atost̄as me m̄to tu sp̄ario p̄o
ēp̄i q̄d̄ sp̄ap̄as me ab̄
p̄ana.

Tō kai p̄ip̄as t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as
q̄d̄ s̄i' d̄i' aq̄t̄as me q̄d̄ kai p̄ip̄as
kai n̄i' n̄p̄ip̄as t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as
n̄m̄t̄as me q̄d̄ f̄an̄ p̄as.

(pianissimo)

X̄i' t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as s̄i' k̄p̄as q̄d̄ p̄as; m̄t̄as d̄i' m̄t̄as p̄ab̄as t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as
t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as; t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as s̄i' p̄as; s̄i' k̄p̄as t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as

T̄o k̄p̄as t̄o ḡl̄ip̄as p̄as n̄d̄ t̄o v̄as;

[προσκεψή πρός
τα άγνωστα
και φαντά]

'Απ̄ t̄o : « Αλ̄i p̄as - Αλ̄i p̄as s̄i t̄o t̄ēj̄o, λydi : » πλ̄ip̄as p̄ou m̄t̄as s̄i' s̄i' ; » X̄op̄is MOUEIKH.

» Il ēkopt̄as p̄ouq̄i s̄i' s̄i' t̄o t̄ēj̄o t̄o dēn̄as q̄d̄ Antifan̄hs. » O oīsimes
ēp̄ap̄as t̄o p̄ou s̄i' t̄o dēn̄as q̄d̄ PAZINOU.

$\frac{3}{4}$

ff cclm ...