

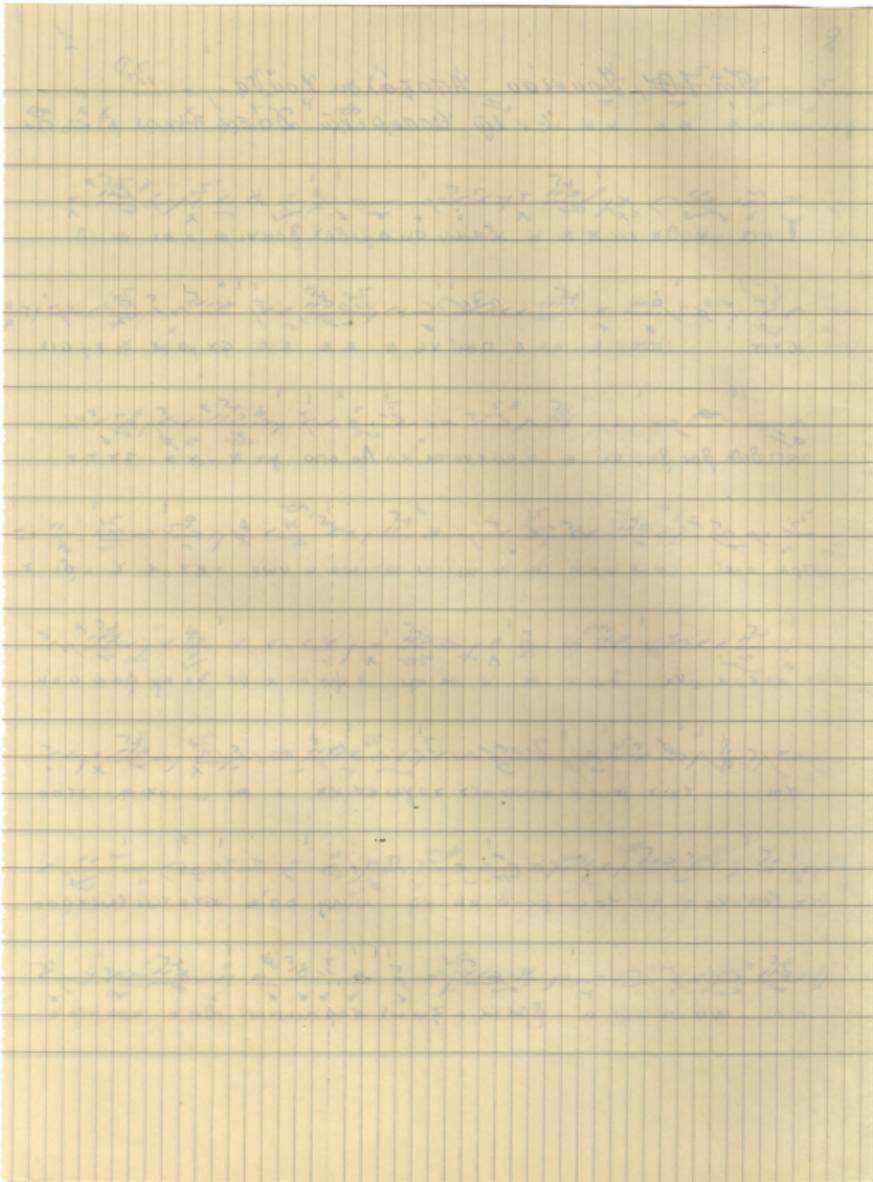
Τῇ 10^ῃ Σεπτεμβρίου Αποδότηνα
Ἐν τῷ Σοπερίνῳ Σόζει η Χριστιανική

$$\frac{d}{dx} \left(\frac{1}{x} \right) = -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = \frac{dx}{du} \frac{du}{dt} + \frac{dx}{du} \frac{du}{du} = \frac{dx}{du} \frac{du}{dt} + \frac{dx}{du} \frac{du}{du}$$

$$\sum_{\text{TOF}} \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{1}{x_1^2} + \frac{1}{x_2^2} + \dots + \frac{1}{x_n^2}$$

→ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2} \frac{\sqrt{2}}{-\sqrt{2}} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(2 + (-2) \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (0) = 0$
The PEV value is 0.



2000 Brown froglet molt 2000

$$y - \frac{G_{r1}}{x} \geq \frac{r^r}{x} - \frac{K}{q} \frac{x^r}{\theta} \frac{c^r}{\theta} - c^r \geq \frac{r^r}{x} - \frac{K}{q} \frac{x^r}{\theta} \frac{c^r}{\theta} - c^r$$

$c = \frac{r^2}{r_1^2} \cdot r_1^2 = r^2$ $\Rightarrow r^4 = c^2 \Rightarrow r = \sqrt[4]{c^2} = -\frac{c}{r_1} \Rightarrow r = \frac{-c}{r_1}$

$\frac{1}{1 - \frac{c_1 T}{1 - \frac{c_2 T}{1 - \dots}}}$ \rightarrow $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{c_1 T}{1 - \frac{c_2 T}{1 - \dots}}} \rightarrow$ $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{c_1 T}{1 - \frac{c_2 T}{1 - \dots}}} \rightarrow$ $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{c_1 T}{1 - \frac{c_2 T}{1 - \dots}}} \rightarrow$ $\frac{1}{1 - \frac{c_1 T}{1 - \frac{c_2 T}{1 - \dots}}} \rightarrow$ \dots

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{P_T}} \rightarrow \sqrt{P_T} \quad \text{GeV} \quad \frac{1}{\sqrt{E_T}} \rightarrow \sqrt{E_T} \quad \text{GeV}$$

c c c → t t t → s s s → c c c → s s s → x x x → = = =
G U T E V U W H S L U C C E C T E G U C C C C C C C

$$\frac{d}{dt} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}_i} \right) = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_i} + \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial \dot{x}_j}{\partial t} = \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_i} + \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial x_j} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left(\frac{\partial \mathcal{L}}{\partial \dot{x}_j} \right)$$

3
1

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 1 \end{array} \right) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left(\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ -1 \end{array} \right)$

Chaaaa a a aaaa -wv

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{C_1}{C_2}}} \rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{C_2}{C_1}} \text{ e}^{\frac{C_1}{C_2}x} = \frac{C_1}{C_2} \text{ e}^{\frac{C_1}{C_2}x}$$

$\frac{1}{1-x} = \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{1-x}$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 \\ \lambda & 0 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 & 6 \\ x & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$$

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